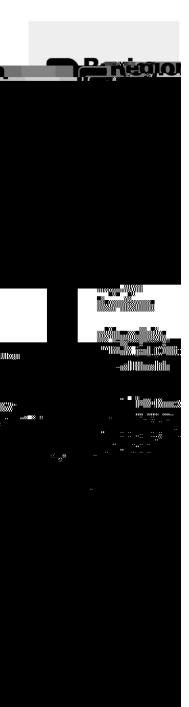
with vaccinations.

For those staying closer to home, Peel Public Health clinics are currently offering free routine school immu nizations for students in Grades 7-12 to help protect a gainst serious diseases. These clinics are helpful if your child didn f get these vaccines at one of our school -based clinics. The table below outlines the age and number of doses needed for each vaccine. Students will get these three vaccines for free whi le in school, however when they leave high school, they may need to pay to get them. If you wish to bring your child to a clinic during March Break, please book an a ppointment <u>online</u>. Addi tional information about routine school immunizations can be found on our <u>website</u>.

Meningococcal ACYW -135 *mandatory to attend school)	
Grade 7-12 ж	1 dose only ×
Hepatitis B x	
11-15 years* (2-dose schedule) × 16-19 years × (3-dose schedule) ×	1 st dose × 2 nd dose given 6 months after 1 st dose (24 weeks) × 1 st dose × 2 nd dose given 1 month (4 weeks) after 1 st dose × 3 rd dose given 5 months (20 weeks) after 2 nd dose ×
dose	
15 years and over × (3-dose schedule) ×	1 st dose × 2 nd dose given 6 months (24 weeks) a fter 1 st dose 1 st dose × 2 nd dose given 2 months (8 weeks) after 1 st

date



Vaccines for tr avel

It s recommend ed that families consult with their primary care provider or visit a travel health clinic at least six weeks before travelling so there is enough time to receive the required do ses ahead of departure. Vaccine requirements and recommendations vary by country. See the <u>Public Health Agency of Canada's</u> website for more information.

Flu and COVID -19 va ccines

Flu and COVID-19 vaccines are available through primary care providers and many pharmacies across Peel. Visit our <u>website</u> for information on staying healthy during res piratory illness season and where to go for care in the event of illness. Staying up to date with vaccines, including flu and COVID-19, can also help protect individuals from developing serious secondary infections, such as invasive Group A Streptococcus (iGAS), which is on the rise in Ontario. The Public Health Agency of Canada offers more information about